

The HERMES Mission: A CubeSat Constellation For Multi-Messenger Astrophysics

5th IAA on University Satellite Missions and CubeSat Workshop
28-31 January 2020, Roma

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HERMES-TP Mission

Mission overview



HERMES-TP stands for

High Energy Rapid Modular Ensemble of Satellites – Technology Pathfinder

Mission objectives:

- **detect** and **locate** high-energy rapid transient in the universe, like **gamma-ray bursts (GRBs)**
- **fast detection** (< 10 s) and **full sky coverage**
- demonstrate the **technological feasibility** for **GRBs** localisation
- 2-year mission lifetime



Artist impression of a Gamma-Ray Burst. Credits: NASA.

HERMES-TP Mission

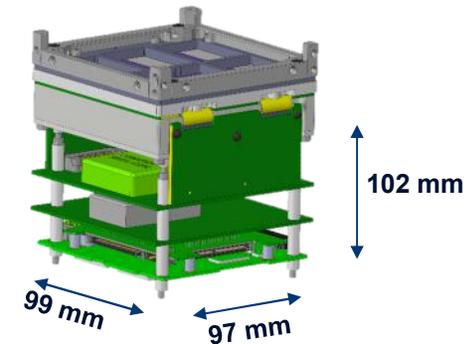
Mission requirements



Scientific Requirements	Value
Accuracy in GRBs localisation	≤ 10 degrees
Number of GRBs detected	short GRBs ≥ 10 per year long GRBs ≥ 70 per year
Triangulation	minimum 3 satellites
Pointing error	$\leq 5^\circ$
Detection/Localisation delay time	few minutes

Detector Orbital Constraints		Selected Orbit
Altitude	≤ 600 km	550 km
Inclination	$\leq 20^\circ$	Equatorial

↓
Scientific payload
Miniaturized detector for GRBs



GRBs detector. Credit: INAF.

HERMES-TP Mission

Mission challenges



GRBs localisation

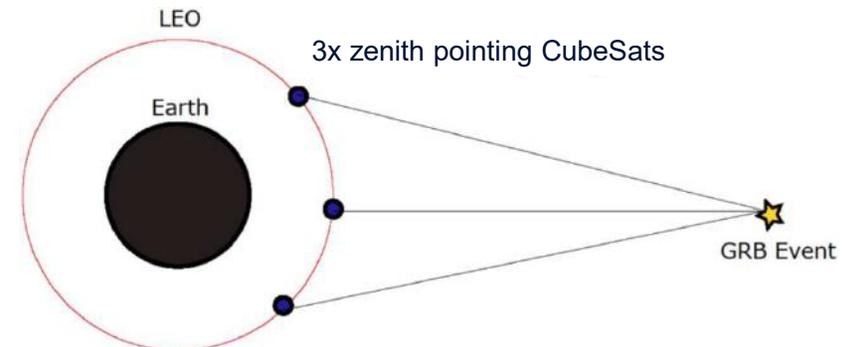
Time delay comparison among **detection epochs** of the GRBs event occurred on **at least 3 detectors** spaced on different satellites

↳ **Constellation of 3 satellites** in **equatorial LEO**

3U CubeSat platform size

- **COTS components** to reduce the mission cost
- **no propulsive system** for attitude control

↳ **Passive attitude control** for the **zenith pointing**



GRBs triangulation by three zenith pointing CubeSats.

Service module design

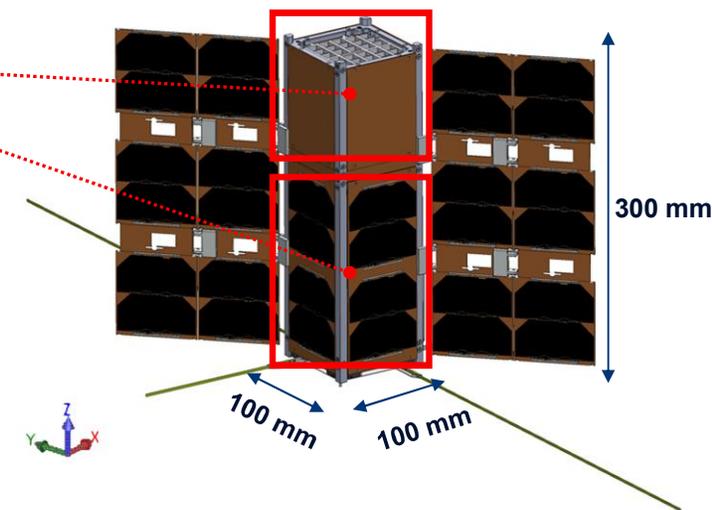
Platform overview



Spacecraft configuration

- The **payload** in the top unit
- The **service module** in the bottom part, divided in two sectors
 - The **central part** for **PC104** standard components:
 - ↳ electronics, on-board computer, communication bundle
 - The **bottom part** for **actuator** mounting for attitude control:
 - ↳ reaction wheels

External view of HERMES-TP CubeSat



Design strategy

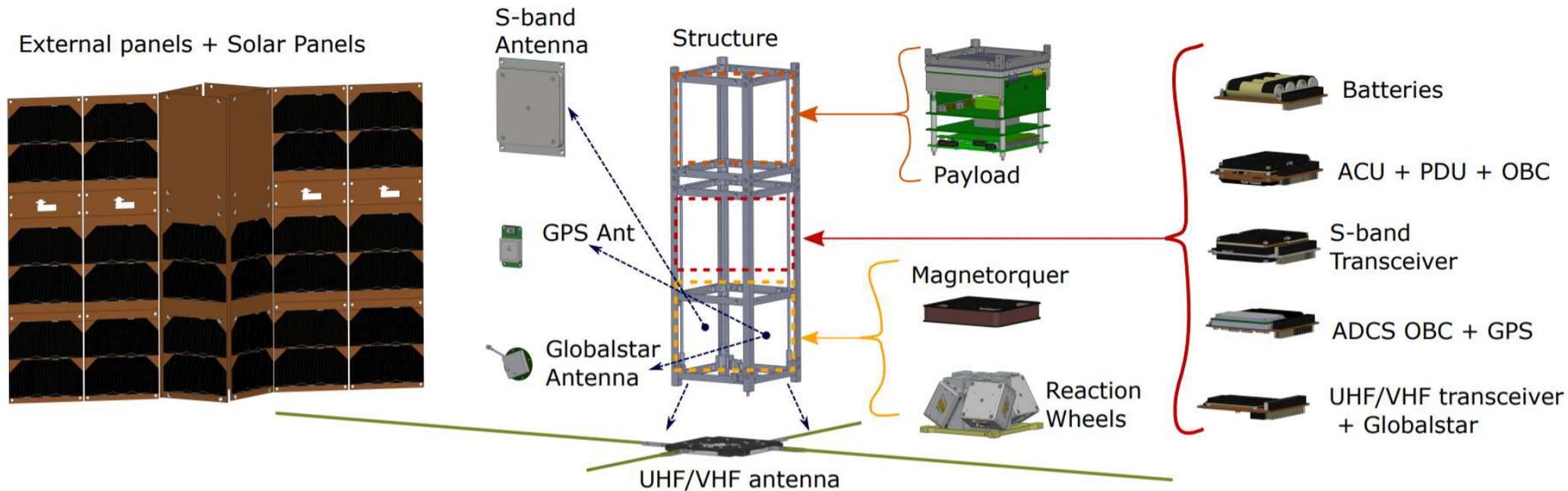
- **Compactness** of PC104 stack for **space optimisation**
- Components rationale disposition for **harness length minimisation**
- **Avoid electrical and mechanical interference** of service module components.

Service module design

Platform overview



HERMES-TP internal configuration



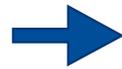
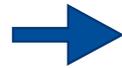
Service module design

TT&C architecture



TT&C Functions

- **Telemetry and telecommand** from/to the ground segment
- **GRB early warning** transmission of a trigger message within 30 min
- **Scientific observation data** downlink(1 Gbit per day)



TT&C Components

UHF/VHF antenna & transceiver

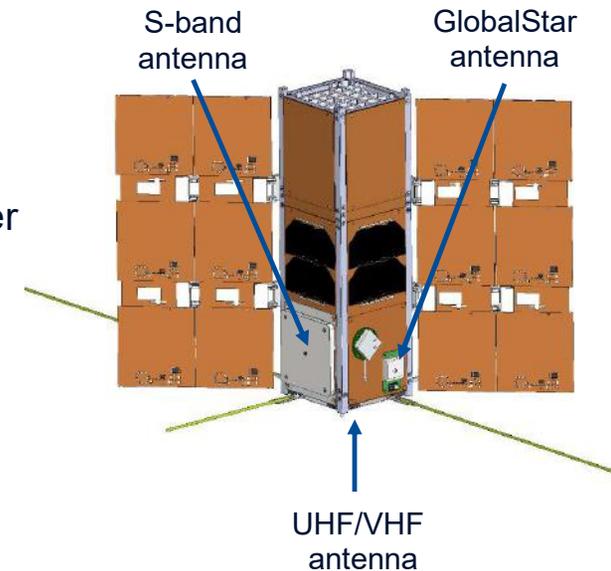
- dipole antenna
- up to 35 kbps

GlobalStar antenna & transceiver

- passive patch antenna
- up to 72 bps
- alert in less than 3 min

S-band antenna & transceiver

- active patch antenna
- 8 dBi gain
- up to 700 kbps

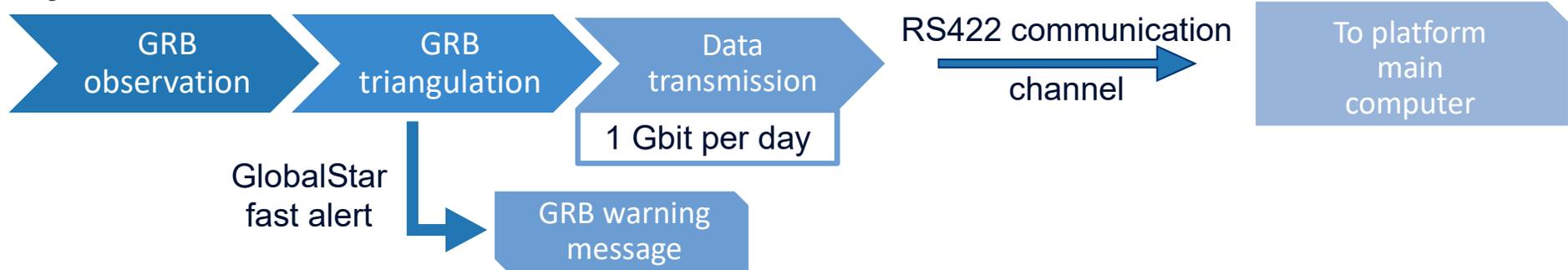


Service module design

Telecommunication strategy



Payload scientific observation



Service module communication for scientific data downloading



Service module design

On-board computer software design



Requirements

- Large **flight-proven driver** library available
- **ECSS compliant**
- **Off-line test and simulation**

generationone
flight software development kit



↳ **Bright Ascension** libraries and tools

- **Licensing** is per-satellite
- One license for both **main and AOCS OBCs**
- Development is under **Eclipse**
- **CCSDS** Packet Protocol



Rapid – COTS library



Flexible – component based



Robust – tested and proven code



Ease-of-use – API reference doc

Service module design

Power generation



Power Budget

Scientific Requirements	Mean Power demand [W]	Peak Power demand [W]	Power generation source
Scientific observation phase	12.2	22.7	Solar panels & Batteries
S-band data download phase	16.2	28.8	Battery only (in eclipse)

Solar Panels Architecture selection

- **Deployable** solar panels
- Azur Space solar cell (**30% efficiency**)
- Maximum peak power \geq **30 W**

➔ Trade-off analysis in **zenith pointing**

	Petals Solar Panels	Wing Solar Panels
Mean Generated Power in light [W]	17.2	25.0
EOL batteries DoD [%]	40	40

Service module design

Power generation

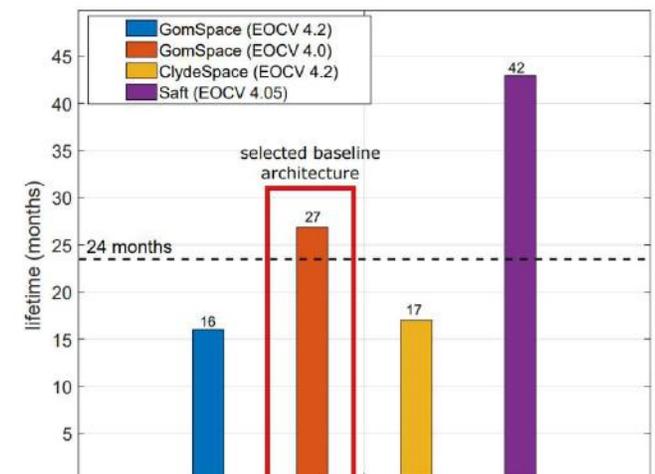


Battery pack selection

- 11000 eclipse cycles in 2-year mission
- 40 Wh capacity
- Space qualified product (TRL 9)



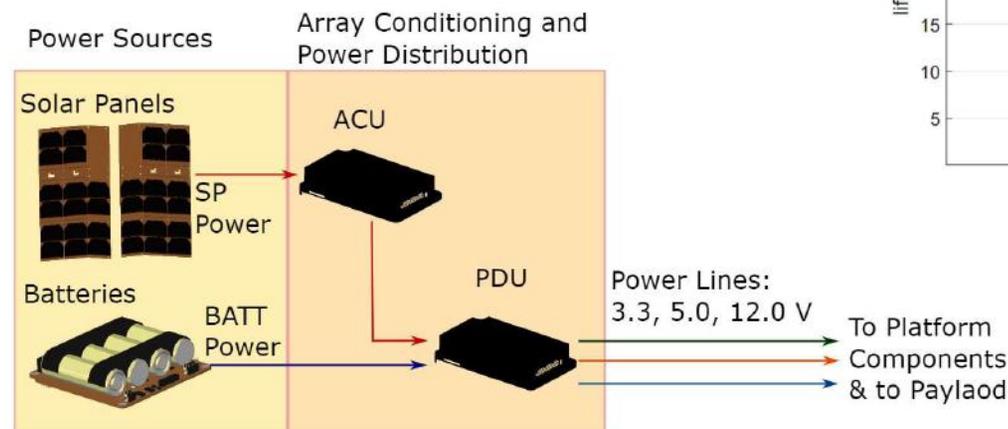
Battery pack analysis



Up to 30% DoD at EOL



Final EPS Architecture



Service module design

Thermal control



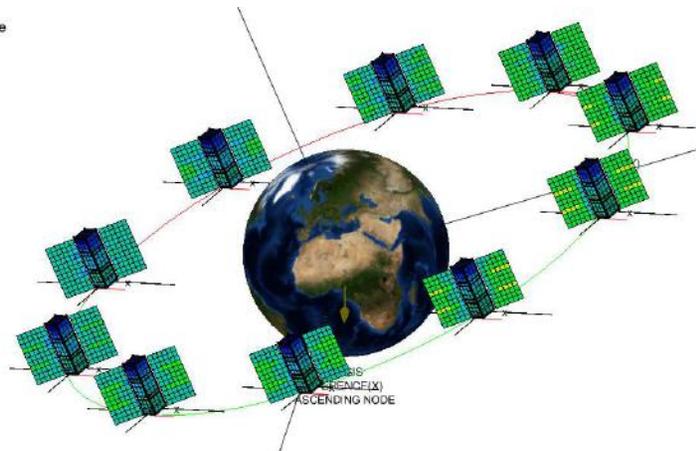
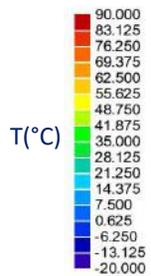
Thermal control design:

- **FEP tape** on payload side panels
- **Thermal sensor** for temperature monitoring

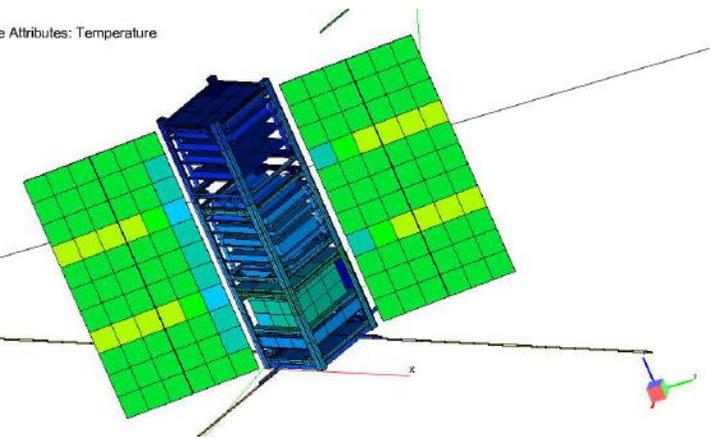
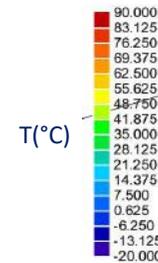
P/L operative T ranges: **-30°C / +10°C**

Platform operative T ranges: **-40°C / +80°C**

Thermal Node Attributes: Temperature



Thermal Node Attributes: Temperature



Components stay within the correct temperature ranges

Conclusions

HERMES-TP mission future developments

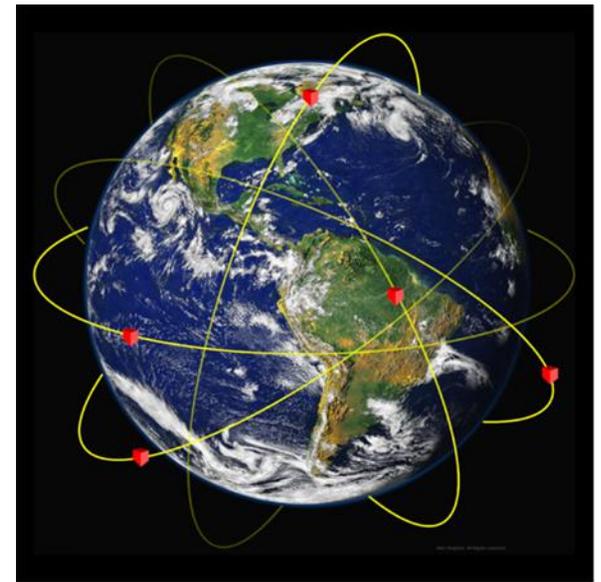


HERMES-TP has just closed its **PDR** (dec 2019)

- **Service module design** respects the mission **requirements**
- **Final design refinement**
- **Procurement** of the components on-going
- Preparing to the **CDR** for end of April 2020

Future developments

- **Assembly, Integration and Verification Plan** for the **service module** and the **payload**
- Hardware and Software **Tests procedure**
- Delivery of the **protoflight model** of the CubeSat
- Extension to a **3+3 Constellation** in **HERMES-SP**



HERMES-SP Constellation. Credit: INAF



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The HERMES-TP project has received funding by the National Ministry of Education, University and Research (MIUR)

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28-31/01/2020